Alphabet Inc. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions, except share amounts which are reflected in thousands and par value)

	As of December 31, 2015	As of March 31, 2016 (unaudited)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,549	\$ 15,111
Marketable securities	56,517	60,153
Total cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities (including securities loaned of \$4,531 and \$3,851)	73,066	75,264
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$296 and \$276	11,556	10,818
Receivable under reverse repurchase agreements	450	350
Income taxes receivable, net	1,903	1,804
Prepaid revenue share, expenses and other assets	3,139	2,719
Total current assets	90,114	90,955
Prepaid revenue share, expenses and other assets, non-current	3,181	3,297
Non-marketable investments	5,183	5,577
Deferred income taxes	251	233
Property and equipment, net	29,016	30,162
Intangible assets, net	3,847	3,657
Goodwill	15,869	15,866
Total assets	\$ 147,461	\$ 149,747
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,931	\$ 1,667
Short-term debt	3,225	3,221
Accrued compensation and benefits	3,539	2,618
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	4,768	4,517
Accrued revenue share	2,329	2,227
Securities lending payable	2,428	2,171
Deferred revenue	788	933
Income taxes payable, net	302	330
Total current liabilities	19,310	17,684
Long-term debt	1,995	1,987
Deferred revenue, non-current	151	131
Income taxes payable, non-current	3,663	3,812
Deferred income taxes	189	599
Other long-term liabilities	1,822	1,965
Total liabilities	27,130	26,178
Commitments and contingencies		

Stockholders' equity:

Convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share, 100,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	0	0
Class A and Class B common stock, and Class C capital stock and additional paid-in capital, \$0.001 par value per share: 15,000,000 shares authorized (Class A 9,000,000, Class B 3,000,000, Class C 3,000,000); 687,348 (Class A 292,297, Class B 50,295, Class C 344,756) and 686,792 (Class A 293,573, Class B 49,536, Class C 343,683) shares issued and outstanding	32,982	33,695
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,874)	(1,294)
Retained earnings	89,223	91,168
Total stockholders' equity	120,331	123,569
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 147,461	\$ 149,747

Alphabet Inc. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In millions, except per share amounts)

	Т	Three Months Ende March 31,			
		2015		2016	
		(unau	ıdited)		
Revenues	\$	17,258	\$	20,257	
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of revenues		6,356		7,648	
Research and development		2,753		3,367	
Sales and marketing		2,065		2,387	
General and administrative		1,637		1,513	
Total costs and expenses		12,811		14,915	
Income from operations		4,447		5,342	
Other income (expense), net		157		(213)	
Income before income taxes		4,604		5,129	
Provision for income taxes		1,089		922	
Net income	\$	3,515	\$	4,207	
Basic net income per share of Class A and B common stock and Class C capital stock	\$	5.16	\$	6.12	
Diluted net income per share of Class A and B common stock and Class C capital stock	\$	5.10	\$	6.02	

Alphabet Inc. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In millions)

Three Mor	iths Ended
Marc	:h 31,
2015	2016

(unaudited) **Operating activities** Net income \$ 3,515 \$ 4,207 Adjustments: Depreciation and impairment of property and equipment 938 1,155 Amortization and impairment of intangible assets 239 216 Stock-based compensation expense 1,203 1,494 Deferred income taxes 71 414 Loss on marketable and non-marketable investments, net 16 280 61 64 Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions: Accounts receivable 698 818 Income taxes, net 827 271 Prepaid revenue share, expenses and other assets 43 185 Accounts payable (24)(269)Accrued expenses and other liabilities (601)(1,064)Accrued revenue share (205)(131)Deferred revenue (59)18 Net cash provided by operating activities 6,722 7,658 Investing activities Purchases of property and equipment (2,927)(2,428)Purchases of marketable securities (12,558)(20,748)Maturities and sales of marketable securities 10,389 17,443 Purchases of non-marketable investments (1,074)(321)Cash collateral related to securities lending (1,120)(257)100 Investments in reverse repurchase agreements 50 Acquisitions, net of cash acquired, and purchases of intangible assets (64)(34)Net cash used in investing activities (7,304)(6,245)Financing activities Net payments related to stock-based award activities (493)(807)Repurchases of capital stock 0 (2,098)Proceeds from issuance of debt, net of costs 3,305 3,956 Repayments of debt (3,308)(3,962)Net cash used in financing activities (496)(2,911)Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (293)60 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (1,371)(1,438)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 18,347 16,549 15,111 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 16,976 \$

Reconciliations of non-GAAP results of operations to the nearest comparable GAAP measures

The following table presents certain non-GAAP consolidated results before certain items (in millions, except share amounts which are reflected in thousands and per share amounts, unaudited):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015			Three Months Ended March 31, 2016					2016				
		GAAP Actual	Adj	ustments			on-GAAP Results	GAAP Actual	Ad	justments			on-GAAP Results
Revenues	\$	17,258				\$	17,258	\$ 20,257				\$	20,257
Cost of revenues		6,356	\$	160	(b)		6,196	7,648	\$	241	(b)		7,407
Research and development		2,753		615	(b)		2,138	3,367		739	(b)		2,628
Sales and marketing		2,065		205	(b)		1,860	2,387		242			2,145
General and administrative		1,637		223	(b)		1,414	1,513		272	(b)		1,241
Income from operations	\$	4,447	\$	1,203		\$	5,650	\$ 5,342	\$	1,494		\$	6,836
Operating margin (a)		25.8%					32.7%	26.4%					33.7%
			\$	1,203	(b)				\$	1,494	(b)		
				(257)	(c)					(453)	(c)		
Net income	\$	3,515	\$	946		\$	4,461	\$ 4,207	\$	1,041		\$	5,248
Diluted net income per share for Class A and B common stock and Class C capital stock	\$	5.10				\$	6.47	\$ 6.02				\$	7.50
Shares used in per share calculation - diluted	6	89,498				(689,498	699,311				6	699,311

⁽a) Operating margin is defined as income from operations divided by revenues.

Non-GAAP operating margin is defined as non-GAAP income from operations divided by revenues.

Non-GAAP operating income and operating margin. We define non-GAAP operating income as income from operations excluding expenses related to SBC, and, as applicable, other special items. Non-GAAP operating margin is defined as non-GAAP operating income divided by revenues. We consider these non-GAAP financial measures to be useful metrics for management and investors because they exclude the effect of SBC expense. and as applicable, other special items so that Alphabet's management and investors can compare Alphabet's recurring core business operating results over multiple periods. For purposes of determining non-GAAP operating income, we define SBC as awards accounted for under FASB ASC Topic 718 that we expect to settle in stock. SBC expense does not include expenses related to awards that will ultimately settle in cash. Alphabet's management believes that providing a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes SBC expense allows investors to make meaningful comparisons between Alphabet's recurring core business operating results and those of other companies, as well as providing Alphabet's management with an important tool for financial and operational decision making and for evaluating Alphabet's own recurring core business operating results over different periods of time. There are a number of limitations related to the use of non-GAAP operating income versus operating income calculated in accordance with GAAP. First, non-GAAP operating income excludes some costs, namely, SBC expense, that are recurring. SBC expense has been and will continue to be for the foreseeable future a significant recurring expense in Alphabet's business. Second, SBC is an important part of our employees' compensation. Third, the components of the costs that we exclude in our calculation of non-GAAP operating income may differ from the components that our peer companies exclude when they report their results of operations. Management compensates for these limitations by providing specific information regarding the GAAP amounts excluded from non-GAAP operating income and evaluating non-GAAP operating income together with operating income calculated in accordance with GAAP.

Non-GAAP net income and diluted EPS. We define non-GAAP net income as net income excluding SBC expense, net of the SBC related tax benefits, and, as applicable, other special items less the related tax effects. The tax effects of such items are calculated based on the tax deductible portion related to SBC and, as applicable, other special items, and applying the entity-specific, U.S. federal and blended state tax rates. We define non-GAAP diluted EPS as non-GAAP net income divided by total weighted average outstanding shares, on a fully-diluted basis. We consider these non-GAAP financial measures to be useful metrics for management and investors for the same reasons that Alphabet uses non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin. However, in order to provide a complete picture of our recurring core business operating results, we exclude from non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted EPS the SBC related tax benefits, and, as applicable, the tax effects of other special items. Without excluding these tax effects, investors would only see the gross effect that excluding these expenses had on our operating results. The same limitations described above regarding Alphabet's use of non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin apply to our use of non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted EPS. Management compensates for these limitations by providing specific information regarding the GAAP amounts excluded from non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted EPS and evaluating non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted EPS together with net income and diluted EPS calculated in accordance with GAAP.

⁽b) To eliminate SBC expense, excluding expense related to awards that will ultimately settle in cash.

⁽c) To eliminate income tax effects related to SBC, which includes the incremental benefits recognized resulting from the adoption of new accounting guidance beginning in Q1 2016.

Reconciliation from net cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow (in millions, unaudited):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 7,65
Less: purchases of property and equipment	(2,42
Free cash flow	\$ 5,23
	_
Net cash used in investing activities ^(a)	\$ (6,24
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (2,91

(a) Includes purchases of property and equipment.

Free cash flow. We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures. We consider free cash flow to be a liquidity measure that provides useful information to management and investors about the amount of cash generated by the business that, after the acquisition of property and equipment, including information technology assets and land and buildings, can be used for strategic opportunities, including investing in our business, making strategic acquisitions, and strengthening the balance sheet. Analysis of free cash flow also facilitates management's comparisons of our operating results to competitors' operating results. A limitation of using free cash flow versus the GAAP measure of net cash provided by operating activities as a means for evaluating Alphabet is that free cash flow does not represent the total increase or decrease in the cash balance from operations for the period because it reflects the cash used for capital expenditures during the period. Our management compensates for this limitation by providing information about our capital expenditures on the face of the statement of cash flows and under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Annual Reports on Form 10-K. Alphabet has computed free cash flow using the same consistent method from quarter to quarter and year to year.

Reconciliation from GAAP revenues to non-GAAP constant currency revenues (in millions, unaudited):

		lonths Ended h 31, 2016		e Months Ended arch 31, 2016
	(using Q	1'15's FX rates)	(using	g Q4'15's FX rates)
United Kingdom revenues (GAAP)	\$	1,921	\$	1,921
Exclude foreign exchange impact on Q1'16 revenues using Q1'15 rates		129		N/A
Exclude foreign exchange impact on Q1'16 revenues using Q4'15 rates		N/A		93
Exclude hedging gains recognized in Q1'16		(42)		(42)
United Kingdom revenues excluding foreign exchange and hedging impact (Non-GAAP)	\$	2,008	\$	1,972
Rest of the world revenues (GAAP)	\$	8,955	\$	8,955
Exclude foreign exchange impact on Q1'16 revenues using Q1'15 rates		633		N/A
Exclude foreign exchange impact on Q1'16 revenues using Q4'15 rates		N/A		57
Exclude hedging gains recognized in Q1'16		(127)		(127)
Rest of the world revenues excluding foreign exchange and hedging impact (Non-GAAP)	\$	9,461	\$	8,885
United States revenues (GAAP)	\$	9,381	\$	9,381
Constant currency revenues (Non-GAAP)	\$	20,850	\$	20,238
Prior period revenues, excluding hedging gains (Non-GAAP)	\$	16,947	\$	20,997
Constant currency revenue growth (Non-GAAP)		23%		(4)%

Non-GAAP constant currency revenues and growth. We define non-GAAP constant currency revenues as total revenues excluding the impact of foreign exchange rate movements and hedging activities, and use it to determine the constant currency revenue growth on year-on-year and quarter-on-quarter bases. Non-GAAP constant currency revenues are calculated by translating current quarter revenues using prior period exchange rates and excluding any hedging gains recognized in the current quarter. Constant currency revenue growth (expressed as a percentage) is calculated by determining the increase in current quarter revenues over prior period revenues, where current quarter international revenues are translated using prior period exchange rates and hedging benefits are excluded from revenues of both periods. We consider non-GAAP constant currency revenues and growth as useful metrics as they facilitate management's internal comparison to our historical performance because they exclude the effects of foreign currency volatility that are not indicative of our core operating results.

Other income (expense), net

The following table presents our other income (expense), net, (in millions, unaudited):

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2015	2016		
Interest income	\$	226	\$	270	
Interest expense		(26)		(30)	
Foreign currency exchange losses, net		(62)		(186)	
Gain (loss) on marketable securities, net		32		(167)	
Loss on non-marketable investments, net		(48)		(113)	
Other		35		13	
Other income (expense), net	\$	157	\$	(213)	

Segment results

The following tables present our revenues, operating income, stock-based compensation, capital expenditures, and depreciation, amortization, and impairment by segment (in millions, unaudited):

	Т	Three Months Ende March 31,			
_		2015		2016	
Revenues:		47.470		00.004	
Google	\$	17,178	\$	20,091	
Other Bets Tatal assessment	Φ.	80	_	166	
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	17,258	\$	20,257	
Operating income (loss), excluding stock-based compensation ⁽¹⁾ :					
Google	\$	6,243	\$	7,588	
Other Bets		(516)		(657)	
Reconciling items ⁽²⁾		(77)		(95)	
Total income from operations, excluding stock-based compensation	\$	5,650	\$	6,836	
Stock-based compensation ⁽¹⁾ :					
Google	\$	1,055	\$	1,316	
Other Bets		117		145	
Reconciling items ⁽²⁾		31		33	
Total stock-based compensation	\$	1,203	\$	1,494	
Operating income (loss):					
Google	\$	5,188	\$	6,272	
Other Bets		(633)		(802)	
Reconciling items ⁽²⁾		(108)		(128)	
Total income from operations	\$	4,447	\$	5,342	
Capital expenditures:					
Google	\$	2,678	\$	2,036	
Other Bets		157		280	
Reconciling items ⁽³⁾		92		112	
Total capital expenditures	\$	2,927	\$	2,428	
Depreciation, amortization and impairment:					
Google	\$	1,137	\$	1,317	
Other Bets		40		54	
Total depreciation, amortization and impairment	\$	1,177	\$	1,371	
	<u> </u>		_		

For purposes of determining SBC for segment reporting, we define SBC as awards accounted for under FASB ASC Topic 718 that we expect to settle in stock. SBC does not include expenses related to awards that we will ultimately settle in cash.

Reconciling items are primarily related to corporate administrative costs and other miscellaneous items that are not allocated to individual segments.

⁽³⁾ Reconciling items are related to timing differences of payments as segment capital expenditures are on accrual basis while total capital expenditures shown on Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow are on cash basis and other miscellaneous differences.

Revenues by source

The following tables present our revenues by revenue source (in millions, unaudited):

		nths Ended ch 31,
	2015	2016
Revenues:		
Google websites	\$ 11,932	\$ 14,328
Google Network Members' websites	3,576	3,692
Google advertising revenues	15,508	18,020
Google other revenues	1,670	2,071
Google segment revenues	17,178	20,091
Other Bets revenues	80	166
Total revenues	\$ 17,258	\$ 20,257